

DRY GOODS, &C.
DRY GOODS
AT COST,

DINGFELDER & GOLDMAN'S

NO. 323 FOURTH STREET.

Between Market and Jefferson.

We will offer, commencing on

Monday, November 21st, 1864,

Our entire stock of

DRESS GOODS,

At Cost Price,

Consisting of

COLORED AND BLACK SILKS,

French & English Merinoes

Empress Cloths,

French Velours,

Delaines, Alpacas,

Bombazines,

ALL-WOOL SCOTCH PLAIDS,

Plaid French Poplins

We will sell the balance of our stock at greatly reduced

CLOAKS, CLOAKS.

In order to sell our large stock of CLOAKS, consisting

of the newest styles, we will sell them at reduced prices,

and promise great bargains to all who may give us a call.

Merchants from the country will find it to their interest

to examine our stock, as we are determined to sell

our entire stock of goods.

NOV 21 1864

Velvet

Cloth

Cloaks,

Furs, &c.

AS FOLLOWS:

Rich Sable Set,

Rich Canada Mink,

Rich Hungarian Fitch,

Rich Russian Fitch,

Siberian Squirrel,

Real Ermine,

Imitation Ermine,

Rich Martin,

Children's Furs,

Hoods, &c.

C. T. MERRIMAN,

Fourth Street,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

PEARSON'S NEW COFFIN WAREHOUSES.

Daily Democrat

TERMS OF THE DAILY DEMOCRAT

TO THE COUNTRY.

ONE YEAR, \$10.00

SIX MONTHS, 6.00

THREE MONTHS, 3.00

ONE MONTH, 1.00

The Everlasting Negro Question.

We publish a letter from the New York

World, written by a lady of Louisiana, giving

an account of how emancipation works in that

State, under the direction of General Banks.

The account will surprise no intelligent person

or woman in this State. Indeed, any one who

knows the negro, could have given this

narrative in advance. Those who live where

they seldom see a negro, where there are so

few of the race that their presence is unfelt,

cannot realize the condition of things in the

South, when all restraints are removed from

the negro and he is left to his own guidance,

and where the negro makes one-half or two-

thirds of the population. It is not a system of

labor at all, but a system of idleness, vice and

crime. The policy consigns cultivated fields

to the wilderness, inhabited by worthless vag-

abonds and thieves.

The history of the British Colonies will be

repeated in the South, under the system of

emancipation. If the white man will stand it,

What will be done about it remains to be seen.

At present, it is not worth while to present

such facts to the dominant party. They will

reply that it is the result of slavery; that free-

dom will work a cure. It is not worth while

to tell them that this worked no cure in the whole

history of the negro race.

The negroes in the state of slavery have been

multiplied, until about sixfold, in less than one

hundred years. But what will be the effect of

this new system? Either it will be confined

to one of compulsory labor and methodical

habits enforced by the white man, or the

negro, like the Indian, will melt away before

the progress of the white man, until, one

hundred years hence, there will remain but a

remnant of the race.

We do not see, for our part, that any race

is an inviolable right to its wages and its

thieves. We do not see the wrong of a system

that forces men to work for a living. We

do not see either the justice of humanity or

reasoning a race from the necessity of labor,

when they will not work without the neces-

sity.

When we read of the barbarous practices of

the Africans in their native homes, of their

cruelties to each other, and their disgusting

habits, we would, if we could, bind

them over to some system, no matter how

arbitrary, that would curb such habits and

practices.

If we know that a race free will become

idle vagabonds and thieves, producing

nothing but misery, we would not give them

the opportunity. Freedom from compulsory

restraints is no boon to such a race.

One of three results will follow if the negroes

are emancipated. Either the white man will

leave the territory to the negro, or he will

drive the negro away, or re-establish a system

of compulsory labor.

Emancipation is only the beginning of the

negro question. It will live for the white man

to guard over until after generations, the race

is destroyed.

We never believed in the Divine Institution

of slavery. We hold the doctrine that negro

slavery is no part of the divine plan, and

therefore, it is to be abolished. We take

the negro here as he is, and we say that he

and the white man will not live together when

there is enough of the former to be at all felt in

society. The experience of a year or two in

Louisiana shows this. It is only another con-

firmation of what history has taught before.

It will grow no better, but worse. If the

white man lives there at all, he will not suffer

himself to be crushed out by idle vagabonds

and thieves. If he abandons the country to

the vagabonds, the latter will fade away

known as Whitehead Station, Tenn., steam

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The Democratic Vote of the United States.

The following table shows very nearly the

Democratic vote cast at the late Presidential

election:

New England, 300,000

Old England, 250,000

New York, 150,000

Ohio, 100,000

Illinois, 80,000

Michigan, 70,000

Wisconsin, 60,000

Minnesota, 50,000

Missouri, 40,000

Kansas, 30,000

Nebraska, 20,000

California, 10,000

Oregon, 5,000

Nevada, 2,000

Total, 1,000,000

The Democratic vote for McClellan is just

about equal to that cast for Lincoln four

years ago. Although the Democratic organ-

ization is in the immense power in this con-

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Criminal Court.
THIRD DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The Criminal Court resumed yesterday
morning at 9 o'clock, the Hon. P. B. Blair on
the bench.

The cases of Anthony Clark and Talbot
Waters, which were set for yesterday, were
called and continued until Saturday. The
case of John Ross was continued before the
court. The first case tried before the
court was that of the Commonwealth
vs. John Boyle, charged with robbing a
boarder at the Graham house, while he was
keeping bar at the same house. The jury had
not agreed when the court adjourned, and
they were discharged until Saturday morning.

The grand jury ignored the indictments
against Angelina Waters, Daniel Baker and
Thos. J. Cox, and they were discharged from
custody.

CASES SET.—The following cases were
set for trial: For the 29th, Margaret Wynn and Jerry O'Neil, in-
dicted for grand larceny; for the 30th, M. E.
Baldwin, William Corbin, and Benj. Daberry,
all of whom are indicted for grand larceny;
for the 31st, Chas. Russell, Coloma Padgett,
Isaac Connell, Frank Adams, Adam Schupp,
Sarah Robinson (F. W. C.) and Mary Holmes
(F. W. C.), all indicted for grand larceny; for
December 1st, Edward Benthorne, indicted
for murder; for December 3d, W. J. Gray, 8r,
indicted for murder, and John Ross, indicted
for grand larceny.

The grand jury returned seventeen indict-
ments, two of which were for murder.

To-day being Thanksgiving, there will be
no court, and as the Chancery Court meets on
Friday, the Criminal Court adjourned until
Saturday morning at 9 o'clock.

Those in want of fine marble work
will do well to call on the
Muldron, Bullett & Co., on Green-street, be-
tween Third and Fourth, as Messrs. Chas. Bul-
lett will start to Italy in a short time to ex-
amine their work shop, established in that
city of Carrara. Their shops are located close
to the world-renowned quarries of that
place, where every description of fine marble
can be obtained at the lowest prices, and
workmen of superior skill can be had in great
abundance. Messrs. Bullett take with them
large numbers of orders for citizens of Louis-
ville, St. Louis, Cincinnati and other places,
and will be pleased to consult with and supply
the wants of all who desire fine monuments,
vases, tablets, mantels or other descriptions of
marble work. Messrs. Bullett being a fine
sculptor, this is an excellent opportunity for
the purchase of fine statues, as his judgment
is acknowledged to be superior in that branch
of art. The completeness of the arrangements
of this firm give them great advantages over
other establishments not so provided, and will
enable them to supply their patrons with the
best work at the most reasonable prices.

Messrs. Bullett will furnish the firm with all the
new designs from the best studios of Europe,
as well as from the resources of his own gen-
ius. We advise all in want of anything in
their line to give them a call.

CITY.—Yesterday was another cool and
windy day. No snow fell, as did the day be-
fore, but the promise of a shower was very
flattering last night. Business in the city
was livelier than usual, and although items of
local intelligence were scarce, we depended
more upon the "telegrams" than "pen" for news
of importance. Military matters were on the
decline, and city affairs rather dull of interest.

We heard of no unusual disturbances, fights,
murders, fires—in fact, excitement seemed
dead and buried. The world seemed wrap-
ped up in a quiet fold of night, as the day
passed out of existence.

"Like a snow-fall in the river—
A moment there, then gone forever."

WINES.—A large number of soldiers are in
the city now, and every day and night not a
few are picked up drunk and disturbing the
peace of our usually quiet city. They get
drunk by some means, and "dealers of death
in small doses" have often been warned about
selling to them. Yesterday three of these cheap
establishments were closed and all their whiskey
confiscated. The proprietors of each were ar-
rested and sent to the fortifications for twenty
days to do duty for Uncle Sam. Their names
were Jacob Riff, Jos. Shookner and Michael
Dawson.

INDICTED FOR MURDER.—The killing of
policeman Edward Bond is too fresh in the
minds of our readers to need repetition here.
At the time the cowardly and foul deed was
perpetrated, W. J. Gray, Jr., was arrested and
sent to the jail, where he was held until
yesterday, to answer the charge of manslaughter.
Yesterday the grand jury of the Circuit Court
returned an indictment against Gray for mur-
der, and the accused was arrested and confined
in the county jail. His case has been set for
trial on the 23d of December.

RYAN AND CALHOUN'S MINISTERS.—This mag-
nificent troupe of minstrelsy—seven in
number—will deliver a series of concerts in
Jeffersonville on Friday and Saturday night,
the 25th and 26th, and on Sunday morning
on Monday and Tuesday night, and at Massie
Temple in this city on Wednesday night of
the coming week. This troupe is said to be
composed of rare and excellent performers.
The citizens of Jeffersonville will enjoy a fine
treat in their entertainments.

THIEF ARRESTED.—Yesterday officer Tho-
mas arrested James Davis, who was on
docket for stealing a horse and boots which
he had stolen. After he was arrested he ac-
knowledged to the officer that he had stolen
the goods, but he said that he had forgotten
what store he took them. The goods
can be seen at the office of the Chief of Police.

NEW THEATRE.—Messrs. Glover & Co., of
Brooklyn, have been sold yesterday
three hundred shares of new stock, grown by
Mr. Lindsey Prather, of Jefferson county, and
purchased by Mr. Langhorne, the well-known
manufacturer of this city, at the following
prices: \$30.00, \$32.50 and \$34.50 per hundred
shares.

RETURNING.—The veterans of the Twelfth
Wisconsin passed through the city yesterday
en route for their homes on a furlough. They
were but few of them, but they were brave
men. They were accompanied by an excel-
lent silver band, which discoursed soul-stirring
music as they went "marching home."

KENTUCKY SOLDIERS.—The following sick
Kentucky soldiers were transferred to the
hospitals in Nashville a few days since: J. C.
Kennedy, H. Twenty-third, W. K. P. Twenty-
third, J. R. Young, R. Tenth; J. O. Miller,
Twenty-first; Corporal A. F. Holder, H. Tenth;
W. Cox, I. Twenty-seventh.

There was a meeting of the officers of the
Fourth Ohio volunteer cavalry, on the occa-
sion of the retirement of a portion of the
officers, which took place at the Grange House.
There was a feast of good things and a flow
of wine, and a gay time generally on the occa-
sion.

BARBERS.—Yesterday was a brisk day at
the popular barber shop. Twenty-five con-
sumers arrived from Camp Nelson; five
hundred and twenty-one men were sent to
Nashville, sixteen to Lexington, and nine to
Rock Island—a hard place to go to.

Fortifications.—A number of men were sent to
the fortifications yesterday for violation of
different military orders. They will do good
service in the "pick and shovel" brigade.

No "perils" will be granted after 11
o'clock this morning, the clerks wishing to
observe the day as a day of thanksgiving.

This being Thanksgiving Day, the military
authorities as a general thing will ob-
serve it as such.

Amusements.
WOOD'S THEATRE.—Wood's Theatre was again
crowded with a large and fashionable audience,
to witness the performance of the great tragedian,
Mr. Edwin Adams. As before, in "Wild Oats,"
he is in perfect command of the English lan-
guage, and those who have seen him in this
part will unite with us in this opinion. This is
the last night but two of his engagement in our
city, on which occasion he will appear as King
James, in the "King of the Commons." To-mor-
row night Mr. Adams will take his fare-
well benefit, when a bill of unusual attractions
will be presented, and we have no doubt that
the house will be crowded. Remember Friday night,
and secure your seats early.

LOUISVILLE THEATRE.—Last night Miss Emily
Thorne appeared as Martha Gibbs, in "All that Glit-
ters is not Gold," a character in which she more
than pleased the large and fashionable audience.
To-night she appears as Mrs. Kerr Madgdon, in
"California Diamond," and as Lady Gay Spenser,
in "London Assurance." To-morrow night is
Miss Thorne's benefit.

Cigar Manufacturers.—The cigar manufac-
turers of the city of Louisville are requested to meet in the
back room of the Assessor's office, on Jefferson
street, between Third and Fourth, on Friday
afternoon, the 25th, at three o'clock, as mat-
ters of the greatest interest to all will be
brought before the meeting.

By order of the President,
SAM. B. MCGILL, Secretary.

LOUISVILLE ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING
THE CONDITION OF THE POOR.—An adjourned
meeting of the Executive Board of this Asso-
ciation will take place on Friday evening, at
half past 7 o'clock, in the City Council
Chamber.

Ladies and gentlemen interested in the ob-
jects of the Association are requested to at-
tend.

JEO. W. CLARKE, Secretary.

DON'T GO.—A negro soldier met a negro
citizen at the end of the Fifth-street market
yesterday. The soldier gave the citizen a
very polite invitation to go to a warmer cli-
mate than this—whereupon the citizen, not
wishing to intrude upon other people's pre-
mises, put a stop to his pressing invitation by
planting his fist in his opponent's mouth, and
describing in the face of the enemy. "Hot
again."

HORSE THIEF ARRESTED.—Last night offi-
cer Henry Ryan arrested a soldier by the
name of Thomas Figg, at the head of Main
street. He had in his possession two fine
horses which he was offering to sell at a very
low price, which first excited the suspicion of
the officer. The horses are supposed to have
been stolen from the neighborhood of Barde-
town.

NEW MUSIC.—Messrs. Blackman & Co., New
Orleans, have leased the following new and
pretty songs: "The Flag of the Regiment,"
words by Foster and music by Eaton; "Smile
and Never Mind Me," by Eaton; and "Warrior
Boys," a touching song, by Muse.

Messrs. Tripp & Orger have them for sale.

TURKEYS FOR THE BRAVES.—The New York
Committee on Thanksgiving for the soldiers
and sailors sent about four thousand turkeys,
by the Kensington, to Admiral Porter, at For-
tress Monroe, for distribution among the
brave tars of the fleet at that point, before
Washington, and in the James river.

We have not heard of any serious de-
predations having been committed by guerrillas
during the past few days. There are a few
along the line of the Lexington railroad, and
some few along the river between this point
and Henderson; also a few between Bloom-
field and Bardonia.

McQUILLAN, MATLACK & GALVIN.—This
firm has taken the establishment on Third
street, formerly occupied by Joseph Haddock.
They are master mechanics, whose work has
been well tested in the city, and they now
commence business on their own account.
Try them.

HARBORING REBELS.—Two citizens of De-
vies county arrived here as prisoners from
Owensboro, Kentucky, yesterday. They are
charged with harboring guerrillas at their
residences. Their names are Joseph Hodges
and John Graham.

Two "knights of the road" made their
appearance at a gentleman's stable door Tues-
day, on the road below West Point, but
finding the door locked, they went away and
left the horses on the inside.

We stated a few days since that a soldier
fired a pistol at the barkeeper of the Pearl
saloon. It was the "Shades" saloon, on the
opposite corner, and not the Pearl.

Wm. B. Ricketts, a paroled rebel pris-
oner, was arrested at Jeffersonville a day or
two ago and brought to this city. He is
charged with violating his parole.

NEW RECRUITS.—This class of individuals
continue to be "marching along" toward the
front. Yesterday 430 arrived from Indianap-
olis, and 75 from Columbus, Ohio.

Thomas Hardman, who is supposed to be
a guerrilla (or was at one time), was ar-
rested in the city yesterday and confined in
the barracks guard-house.

Richard McKinney, Twentieth Ken-
tucky regiment, is to be sent to Lexington to-
day to be tried by a court martial on the
charge of mutiny.

Charles Cowling, a political prisoner
from Davies county, was arrested in the city
yesterday, but upon what charges we were
unable to learn.

General Canby has sufficiently recov-
ered from his wound to resume business,
and there never was any foundation for the
report of his death.

A supposed guerrilla was captured in
Bullitt county a few days since and brought to
this city yesterday. His name was Thomas
Hardman.

Two EYE AND EAR.—Persons suffering from
diseases of these delicate organs should go
and consult Dr. Gardner at the Louisville
Hotel.

Larry Smith, a young man well known
in this county, has been ordered to go north of
the Ohio river, to remain there during the war.

The passenger train from Nashville
was detained last night by a freight train be-
ing off the track at South Tunnel.

Billy Patterson, the clever mail agent on
the Nashville railroad, has our thanks for
Nashville papers of yesterday.

Tom Haly, company A, Fourth Ken-
tucky cavalry, was arrested as a deserter in
the city yesterday.

But one person took the oath and went
north of the Ohio river yesterday. His name
was W. J. Prater.

Quite a large number of soldiers arrived
here yesterday, going to and returning from
the front.

Tom Payne, a supposed guerrilla, has
arrived in this city from Evansville. He was
in front.

Thanks to Mr. Louis Kerr, express
messenger, for Cincinnati and Indianapolis
papers.

Mr. Geo. D. Prentiss, of this city, was
at the Harriet House, Cincinnati, Tuesday
night.

An item.—The Eastern mail arrived on time
yesterday. That's the way to do business.

Theaters and Cincinnati mails have
recently become "heartily demoralized."

LOCAL NOTICES.
Proclamation.

LOUISVILLE, KY., November 23, 1864.
Their Excellencies the President of the
United States and the Governor of the State
of Kentucky having appointed Thursday, the
24th instant, to be observed as a day of
Thanksgiving, I do hereby direct the city
offices to be closed on that day, and to ear-
nestly request all good citizens to join in a
proper observance of the occasion.

W. KATA, Mayor.

McGILL CLUB.—The draft—a supple-
mentary draft—being drawn for Friday
next, members of the McGill Club must call
and pay the additional levy of \$20 before the
draft or forfeit their membership. Members
of the club are requested to meet at Beck's
Hall on Saturday evening, November 26th, at
half-past 7 o'clock.

LOOK OUT FOR THE DRAFT.—The Board
of Enrollment having ordered a draft to take
place to-morrow, all persons desiring to join a
club to insure against the draft are requested
to meet at the store of Green & Green, corner
of Fourth and Main, this (Thursday) morning at
9 o'clock precisely.

LOTS TO BE SOLD ON MONDAY.—Those who
wish to buy a lot on favorable terms should
attend the McGILL Club's sale of lots—now
on Monday at 11 o'clock. The fourteen lots to
be sold on Fourth cross street, between High
and the Fourth cross street, above Clark's
Lockport's residence, will give an excellent
opportunity of purchasing a cheap and healthy
residence, convenient to the railroad and com-
munion lines.

Mr. C. C. Spencer's large and fine rooms
are completely furnished to order, and are
now at the Central House-Furnishing Em-
porium, 215 South Main street, near Main.

Received per Express
Scotch plaid, green, blue, ruby, white and
black velvet;
Velvet ribbons, three grades;
Two hundred pieces belting, all shades;
Cloak and dress trimmings, ornaments, &c.;
Ornamental girdles, belts, &c.;
Ornamental gloves, tips and pom-poms;
Added to the public ordinary of military
goods in the city. Prices as low as any other
house.
CANNON & BYERS,
235-237 Main street.

Wholesale Millinery Goods at Reduced
Prices, at 316 Main street, Up Stairs.

Everything new in the millinery and dress
trimming line has been received at Oak &
Co.'s during the last few days. The stock of
plain and fancy hats, trimmed and untrim-
med, laces, flowers, feathers, hoods, bugle-
trimmings and cloak ornaments is complete in
color and variety.

They still sell at the same prices which
they have been selling at for the past four
weeks, and these have been called for and
are satisfied that this is cheap enough.

Gentlemen and ladies wishing a fine
room and supper will find them at the Ormsby
House, 215 South Main street, near Main.
W. A. Clark & Co. The gentlemanly prop-
rietors of this establishment have so arranged
their house that those ordering supper can be
served in the public ordinary or in private
rooms as they may order. not dim

Ladies desiring to attend the opera
the coming season should not fail to see these
beautiful opera sets which Green & Green
have at moderate prices. The pure white sets
are a novelty, and are found only at this house.

If you want good coal J. N. Collins can
supply you. Third street, between Market and
Jefferson, east side. not dim

NOTICE.—For sale cheap at Cromie, Og-
den & Co.'s, north side of Main street, near
Third and Fifth streets, near Jefferson.
not dim

GROPPER, PATTON & CO.,
Produce and Grain Brokers,
Shipping and Commission
MERCHANTS,
Nos. 143 and 145 Fourth Street,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Cor. Clark and South Water Streets,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

We constantly keep on hand for sale supplies
of Corn, Oats, Rye, Barley, and all
descriptions of Produce, Copper and
Bourbon Whisky, Foreign and
Domestic Liquors and Wines.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE.
Wharton & Bennett having concentrated
their entire business at their Main store,
No. 219, between Second and Third
streets, in the old stand, are now pre-
pared from their immense stock of furniture
to supply their customers at the lowest
cash price. We invite all to call and examine
our stock.

DEATH.
At Nashville, Tenn., November 14th, 1864, REZA DAVIS
FARRINGTON, Civil Engineer, aged 30 years.
"None named his last to praise."
None named his last to praise.

On the 23d inst., A. H. BAILER, in the 48th year of his
life, died at his residence, on Gray street, between Jackson and Hancock, this after-
noon, at 10 o'clock. The friends of the family
are invited to attend.

On the 23d inst., his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth A.
Hoffer, in the 84th year of her age, died at her
residence, on Main street, between Third and
Fourth streets, at 10 o'clock. The friends of the family
are invited to attend.

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FINANCE AND TRADE

INANCE AND TRADE

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, November 16th, 1864.

Our war was not the only one that has been going on since the declaration, there being nothing out of the outside of a small ill trade to supply the home demand and prices remain unchanged for most articles. In Flour we have a large stock on hand, and the market is very quiet. It is to be noted, though the market appeared to be a little better, the sales were limited at our convention, and the price will be found below. The advices from the South show that favorable dealers appeared more willing to purchase, but there, as yet, no change to be made in the quotations. We heard of sales of red at 40, and small lots of Corn and Oats changed hands at 90, the former and 75 for the latter. The market for the Grocery market remains about the same as our report, although there was rather a better demand for Coffee, and 124 sacks were sold at 4 to 45, the latter being the ruling quotation at the close of the market. There was nothing doing in the market for all demand. There was nothing doing in Molasses, and the Hg market there was considerable excitement.

prices advanced very rapidly, the market closed at a record. Yesterday evening Major Kilburn revealed that he had secured a contract from the United States, directing Major Symonds to remove prohibition on the packing houses, and a copy of dispatch was furnished to each of the packers to the effect that they were not to remove one firm who have intended to do any packing, though it is expected that others will do so in a few days. This firm to date purchased 150 head of hogs at the gross at a profit some 17 cents per head. The other packers, who have intended to purchase to 1,000 head, were purchased to-day by the Government agents at 10c gross. In addition to which we had a sale of 200 head at the same price, delivered to the Government agents. The other packers, who have delivered here, and to go out at the farmer's price, pay for their purchases in money, and not in hogs. Their receipts are very light, and up to last night they had not received more than 100 hogs. The houses killed—Hamilton Bros. and Jarvis & Co.—are killing for the Government. We heard that the packers were not to be allowed to purchase hogs, but were unable to learn who was the purchaser. The market closed very firm with an upward tendency in prices. We quote at 10 to 10 1/2 in the country.

The Provision market is quiet, with but a small stock. Prices are unchanged. We note a sale of 100 hogs for \$1.25 and \$1.30. As yet we have heard of no offers for new hogs. The market is quiet.

We have no doubt that the market will be at about 85c for Mess Pork.

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[illegible][illegible]

WHEAT—Quota white at \$1 97 to 98. Small sales of new wheat at 96c, from wagon. Oak and red and we quote at 96c.

BAGGING AND ROPE—We heard of small sales at 20c lb. Bagging and rope for Rope.

COAL—We quote small lots, firm, sales of 125 bags at 20c to 21c for W. R. and Hamburg.

COAL—We quote the retail price at 31c.

COTTON YARN—We quote small sales at 96c, 7c, 10c and 11c for New York.

COTTON—There is a very light stock in the market which is held at 12 to 20 lb.

FRUITS—There have been small sales at 10c to 15c.

FLAX SEED—There is little doing. We quote at 63c per bushel.

GRASSES—The market is unchanged. With sales of 150 tons at 40c to 45c; 4 1/2 tons Cribbed at 30c.

HOES—No change. We quote at 10c.

GLASSING AND BREEZING—We quote Glasing at 90c. Breezing is 85c to 50c to 60c.

H-T—No change. Firm, and good build (mostly cash) is readily sold at 65c to 70c per ton.

LINSEED OIL—We have heard of no transactions. It is quoted at \$1 49 per gallon.

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO—Sales of 168 boxes (half) at 70c.

POTATOES—Peach bones and Michigan and other north

PROPSIES.—We quote clear skins at 25c to 25½c, dead at 20c, shoulders at 30c, and hard at 30c to 35c; deer at 20c, to 30c in skins. Sales of 100 to 125 deer last week.

TENTERS.—Command No. 61.

APPLES.—Sales at 60½¢ per bu. as in quality.

STRAW.—We have no chance to note, and continue to be scarce.

Wool.—There is but little doing. We quote washed at 10c and unwashed at 60¢ per lb.

WHEAT.—We mention the quote at 61¢ per gallon. For the week ending the 10th of June Wednesday we have:

1414 bush, vs: 2 at 60 1/2; 3 at 60 1/4; 5 at 60 1/4; 6 at 60 1/4; 8 at 60 1/4; 9 at 60 1/4; 10 at 60 1/4; 11 at 60 1/4; 12 at 60 1/4; 13 at 60 1/4; 14 at 60 1/4; 15 at 60 1/4; 16 at 60 1/4; 17 at 60 1/4; 18 at 60 1/4; 19 at 60 1/4; 20 at 60 1/4; 21 at 60 1/4; 22 at 60 1/4; 23 at 60 1/4; 24 at 60 1/4; 25 at 60 1/4; 26 at 60 1/4; 27 at 60 1/4; 28 at 60 1/4; 29 at 60 1/4; 30 at 60 1/4; 31 at 60 1/4; 32 at 60 1/4; 33 at 60 1/4; 34 at 60 1/4; 35 at 60 1/4; 36 at 60 1/4; 37 at 60 1/4; 38 at 60 1/4; 39 at 60 1/4; 40 at 60 1/4; 41 at 60 1/4; 42 at 60 1/4; 43 at 60 1/4; 44 at 60 1/4; 45 at 60 1/4; 46 at 60 1/4; 47 at 60 1/4; 48 at 60 1/4; 49 at 60 1/4; 50 at 60 1/4; 51 at 60 1/4; 52 at 60 1/4; 53 at 60 1/4; 54 at 60 1/4; 55 at 60 1/4; 56 at 60 1/4; 57 at 60 1/4; 58 at 60 1/4; 59 at 60 1/4; 60 at 60 1/4; 61 at 60 1/4; 62 at 60 1/4; 63 at 60 1/4; 64 at 60 1/4; 65 at 60 1/4; 66 at 60 1/4; 67 at 60 1/4; 68 at 60 1/4; 69 at 60 1/4; 70 at 60 1/4; 71 at 60 1/4; 72 at 60 1/4; 73 at 60 1/4; 74 at 60 1/4; 75 at 60 1/4; 76 at 60 1/4; 77 at 60 1/4; 78 at 60 1/4; 79 at 60 1/4; 80 at 60 1/4; 81 at 60 1/4; 82 at 60 1/4; 83 at 60 1/4; 84 at 60 1/4; 85 at 60 1/4; 86 at 60 1/4; 87 at 60 1/4; 88 at 60 1/4; 89 at 60 1/4; 90 at 60 1/4; 91 at 60 1/4; 92 at 60 1/4; 93 at 60 1/4; 94 at 60 1/4; 95 at 60 1/4; 96 at 60 1/4; 97 at 60 1/4; 98 at 60 1/4; 99 at 60 1/4; 100 at 60 1/4.

We copy the following from the Cincinnati Price Current:

The total receipts of hogs since the 1st of the month exclusive of those slaughtered at Plainville, which do not enter the market, were as follows:

From Kentucky..... 10,000

[illegible]

143 1/2c for muscovado and 150c for Puerto Rico
 molasses firm. Petroleum dull and nominally un-
 changed. Sugar—Cane, 10c for No. 12, 9 1/2c for
 No. 16, and 8 3/4c for No. 75 for new cane, cash, and in
 the regular way, closing at the inside price; and
 10 1/2c for prime, and 8 3/4c for prime mess. Cuban
 sugar—No. 12, 10 1/2c; No. 16, 9 1/2c; No. 75, 8 3/4c
 and 144 1/2c for Western and 146 1/2c for state. Cheese
 money easy at 15c per cwt.
 Wheat—No. 1 at 10 1/2c for spot.
 Gold heavy and lower, opening at 23 1/2, advancing to
 24 1/2, closing to 25, and closing at 25 1/2.
 Government stocks firm—U. S. 5's of '91, coupon
 104 1/2; U. S. 5's of '92, coupon, 103 1/2; 3's of 1898
 102, 11 1/2.
 CINCINNATI, November 25.—P. M.
 Flour dull and prices lower—superfine 80 1/2c extra.
 100. Wheat firm—No. 1 at 85 1/2c, No. 2 at 85c.
 Good medium 84c, all 83 1/2c to 84c. Barley 25c.
 Corn—No. 1 at 50c, No. 2 at 49 1/2c. Meal
 fine white at 50 1/2c. Rye dull at 81 1/2c. 1881
 1882 81 1/2c for spring and 81 3/4c for fall.
 Flaxseed 11 1/2c. Hops 10c. Potatoes—Providence
 firm. New mess pork sold at 67 1/2c. New lard 25c.
 Beef—Prime mess at 24 1/2c for shoulders, sides and
 25c for corned. Beef—Dressed and Gold, 10c.
 Butter—No. 1, 18c; No. 2, 17c. Eggs—No. 1, 18c.
 Oil—No. 1, 18c; No. 2, 17c. In good demand.

The Franklin Bank of Kentucky sells
exchange on Montreal, London and Paris.

Cooking Stoves.

WE HAVE REMOVED TO OUR FOUNDRY,
at corner Main and Thirtieth streets, where
we manufacture our Stoves. Those in want of
stoves are invited to give us a call, as there might
be a saving or two saved.
Sole admts.

R. G. KYLE & CO.

Daily Democrat.

THE LAMP UPON THE RAILWAY ENGINE.

Shining in the silver cell,
Like a herald calm and quiet,
Through the smoke and steam,
Furns fire and light and heat;
Furns as an eye, and as a hand,
Steadily bears the lamp,
The lamp upon the railway engine.

So, thou traveler of life,
In the battle round thee crashing,
Heed no more the stormy strife,
Than a rock the lightning flashing,
Through this dark and dreary night,
Vexing fears, and calumny,
Shine, O mind, aloft, aloft,
The lamp upon the railway engine.

By the oil of grace well fed,
Ever on the future gazing,
Let the star within thy breast
Readily and calmly shine,
Hold upon its steady beam,
Through each cloud and unfolding,
Trimmed to burn till dawn of day,
The lamp upon the railway engine.

ONE STEP MORE.

Had I better get in and row across,
Wonder? Nobody would ever know
About it, and there the boat lies,
Rocking on the river, and there
Two oars in the bottom. It's only a mile down
to the bridge, and I could row down there
and back in a little while; it would be
such a splendid sail!
Of course, nothing could happen to me,
for grandpa said to mamma the other
evening, when we went down to the mill,
"Why, Helen, Harry's a natural-born
sailor. He can manage the boat as well as I."

"Oh, dear! I wish he'd never seen that
boat!" said mamma. "I expect it will be
the death of him yet."
"Well, he didn't inherit his natural
taste from you, the captain, though,"
grandpa said. "You and mamma are always
nervous about the water."

And that's all. It's just mamma's nervousness;
and I know nothing would happen to me,
getting in and rowing, and having a
little sail; and it would be a nice day
afternoon, and the river looks, away up
by the bridge, like a ribbon among the
oaks and poplars.

Nobody would know anything about it,
either; for, of course, I should get back
safe, and I don't believe there's any harm
in it.
But, then, there's my promise to mother;
there's no getting around that, as it was
the last thing she said to me before she
left home on Thursday.

She called me to the carriage, and went
over one side, and smoothed my hair as she
always does when she talks to me.
"Now, Harry, my boy," she said, "I want
you to promise that you won't get inside
that boat until your father and I get home
again."

"No, mamma, I won't certainly," I answered,
though I hated to, but enough—that's a fact.
And I think it's too bad that such a big
boy as I am can't have his own way in
such things. O dear! dear! the longer I
look, the more I want to go. It seems as if
I must.

One more step and I shall be in the boat;
but one—my promise to mamma!
And how about it? I feel when she comes
and looks in my face, and calls me her
darling boy, and puts her arms around my
neck and kisses me over and over again?

"She won't ask me whether I've been in
the boat, because I promised her I wouldn't,
and I never told my mother a lie in my
life. And I won't now."
Mamma came home last night. Such a
hugging as I had!

"Has Harry been a good boy?" she said,
and she gave me a kiss on the forehead,
and she said a single thing which made
me feel as if I had done something very
good.

"No, I guess not, mamma," I said; but I
was thinking about the boat, and didn't
speak very positively.
Mamma held me away, and looked in
my eyes.

"You guess not? Are you quite certain,
Harry?" she asked.
"Well, mamma, I haven't done anything,
but I've thought about it."
She threw her arms around me and held
me close to her.

"Tell me all about it, Harry," she said.
And then I told her about going to the
river Saturday afternoon, and how near I
came to getting into the boat, and what a
terrible temptation it was, and how it
was, and how in one step I should have
been in; but the memory of my promise to
her, and the thought that God saw me,
held me back, and there was only one
step between me and the boat.

And when I had done, I found mamma's
tears falling like rain-drops on my hair.
"Oh, my child! I thank God, I thank
God!" she said.
And I, too, thanked Him from my heart
that I didn't take that one step—(Church
Monthly).

Don't Rock the Baby!—If all the
ultimate consequences of one's acts are to
be laid to his charge, the man who in-
vented rocking-cradles for his children
rests under a fearful load of responsibility.
The doctor who prescribes a dose of
thousands of infants, and the weakest
results of this invention. To rock a
child in a cradle or to swing him in a
crib, amounts to the same thing; the
motion disturbs the natural flow of blood,
and produces stupor or drowsiness. Can
anybody suppose for a moment that such
an operation is a healthy one? Every
knows the dizzy and often sickening
effect of moving rapidly in a swing, yet
wherein does this differ from the motion
a child receives when rocked in a cradle?

It is equivalent to laying in a ship
berth during a violent storm; and that
sickens nine people out of ten. A very
gentle, slow motion may sometimes be
soothing, though always of doubtful
expediency; but to move the cradle as
rapidly as the swing of a pendulum three
feet long—that is, to rock a second—
is positively injurious. It always feels like
grasping and staying the arm of the mother
or nurse who, to secure quietude, swings the
cradle or crib with a rapidity equal to
that of a pendulum a foot long. If any
mother is disposed to laugh at such sugges-
tions, or consider them whimsical, we
beg of her to have a bed or cot hung on
rods, then lie down on it herself, and
have some one swing it with the same
rapidity that she allows the cradle to be
rocked. What she will experience in both
head and stomach is just the same as the
infant experiences.

We insist that this rocking of children
is a useless habit. If not accustomed to
rocking, they will go to sleep quite as
well when lying quietly in a swing, or
in a cradle. If they do not, there is trouble
from an overloaded stomach; and though
the rocking may produce a temporary
stupor, the trouble is made worse
thereafter by the unnatural means taken
to produce quiet for the time being.

A MILITARY CAMP IN RUSSIA.—The
Temple-Bell (Eng.) Magazine gives the
following description of one method of recruit-
ing the Russian army:

a view of being made soldiers, or of being
otherwise employed in the public service.
They remain at home until they are drafted
and sent to the military depot to be instructed
in their military duties. It is estimated
that this levitical class numbers no less
than three hundred thousand souls, and
from it the non-commissioned officers of
regiments are obtained. The discipline
they have undergone, and the education
they have received, having contributed, it
is supposed, to habits of steadiness and in-
dustry, as well as rendering them proficient
in the rudiments of the Russian field-book.

FOR SALE AND RENT.

BUILDING LOT FOR SALE.
A BEAUTIFUL BUILDING LOT 25 FEET BY 200 TO
a 50 foot alley in an excellent and rapidly improving
neighborhood, the lot is well watered, and has a good
water pipe laid down. For location and terms apply
to J. C. WILSON, north side Jefferson street, between
Second and Third.

FOR SALE.
A DARE DAY MARK WORKS WELL
in hand, and is a good one. For location and terms
apply to J. C. WILSON, north side Jefferson street,
between Second and Third.

Land for Sale.
20 ACRES OF LAND, SUITABLE FOR GARDEN,
for purposes, situated on the Mississippi road,
about 10 miles from Louisville, and 5 miles from
to B. W. Wilson, O'Connell's Postoffice, Jefferson
county, Ky., or to J. C. WILSON, north side Jefferson
street, between Second and Third, Louisville.

For Rent.
A HOUSE ON SECOND STREET, INQUIRE AT
the Clerk's Office of the City Court.

FOR RENT.
OUR FACTORY, CORNER NINTH AND JEFFERSON
streets, for a factory, on Green, between Ninth and
Ninth streets.

FOR SALE.
A FIRST CLASS STEAM ENGINE, 12 HORSE
power, with boiler, pump, heater, shafting, etc.,
also an upright engine, 6 horse power, with boiler,
pump, heater, shafting, etc., for sale. For location
and terms apply to J. C. WILSON, north side Jefferson
street, between Second and Third, Louisville.

Machinery for Sale.
ONE ENGINE AND BOILER COMPLETE, BOILER
12 feet by 40 inches, cylinder 10 by 12 inches,
one steam pump, one heater, one shafting, etc., for
sale. For location and terms apply to J. C. WILSON,
north side Jefferson street, between Second and Third,
Louisville.

FOR SALE.
A TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE, CONTAINING
four rooms, on Green, between Sixth and
Seventh streets, and Main street. For location and
terms apply to J. C. WILSON, north side Jefferson
street, between Second and Third, Louisville.

FOR SALE.
MY FARM OF 20 ACRES, AT O'CONNELLS
Postoffice, on the Louisville and Frankfort road,
about 10 miles from Louisville, and 5 miles from
to B. W. Wilson, O'Connell's Postoffice, Jefferson
county, Ky., or to J. C. WILSON, north side Jefferson
street, between Second and Third, Louisville.

For Sale.
A STEAM ENGINE, BOILER, HEATER, SHAFTING,
etc., for sale. For location and terms apply to
J. C. WILSON, north side Jefferson street, between
Second and Third, Louisville.

FOR SALE.
ONE OF THE CITY OF LOUISVILLE, KY., ON FIRST
street, between Second and Third, Louisville.

WANTED.
INFORMATION ABOUT FRANK
and Valer, who were in the City of
Louisville, Ky., in the year 1861, and who were
seen by one of the witnesses. Any one who has
information about them will be rewarded by the
author of this advertisement.

Wanted.
A FIRST CLASS WASHING MACHINE, ONE WHO
can do the work well, and who will receive good
pay. For location and terms apply to J. C. WILSON,
north side Jefferson street, between Second and Third,
Louisville.

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can do the work well, and who will receive good
pay. For location and terms apply to J. C. WILSON,
north side Jefferson street, between Second and Third,
Louisville.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

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INSURANCE.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

JAS. E. TYLER & CO.

Office—No. 411 Main street, Louisville, Ky.

Lamar Fire Insurance Company,

OF NEW YORK CITY.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION ON THE 1st DAY OF

January, 1881, made in conformity with the laws of the

State of Kentucky.

Northwestern Insurance Co.,

OF OREGON, NEW YORK.

Statement of condition on the 1st day of January,

1881, made in conformity with the laws of the State of

Kentucky.

Original statement in detail on file in the Auditor's

Office at Frankfort, Ky., and copies thereof filed in the

Office of the Auditor of Public Accounts, at Louisville,

Ky., and in the Office of the Auditor of Public Accounts,

at Louisville, Ky., and in the Office of the Auditor of

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MEDICAL.

AYER'S

CATHARTIC

PILLS.

ARE YOU SICK?

Are you suffering from constipation?

Are you suffering from indigestion?

Are you suffering from headache?

Are you suffering from neuralgia?

Are you suffering from rheumatism?

Are you suffering from sciatica?

Are you suffering from lumbago?

Are you suffering from backache?

Are you suffering from leg pain?

Are you suffering from arm pain?

Are you suffering from chest pain?

Are you suffering from stomach pain?

Are you suffering from liver pain?

Are you suffering from spleen pain?

Are you suffering from kidney pain?

Are you suffering from bladder pain?

Are you suffering from prostate pain?

Are you suffering from testicle pain?

Are you suffering from penis pain?

Are you suffering from vagina pain?

Are you suffering from uterus pain?